



Department of Information And
Communications Technology



INTEROPERABILITY & SECURE DATA EXCHANGE PLATFORM DEVELOPMENT FOR WHOLE OF GOVERNMENT

Digital Delivery Workshop 22-24/11/23

'Transforming PNG: Digital Horizon and Public Service Excellence'

APEC Haus, Port Moresby

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OUTLINE

1. Definitions and functional components
2. Issues and Approaches
3. International Best Practices and SDGs
4. PNG Functional context
5. PNG Technology context
6. Policy, Legal framework, Standards
7. Data Exchange Technology
8. Project Update Nov 2023
9. Challenges / Coordination

DEFINITION AND FUNCTIONAL COMPONENTS

GOVPNG Interoperability and Secure Data Exchange stack (or Information Media BB)

Collection of digital platforms, interconnected and interworking, that enabling standardized sharing of information and services between ministries, departments, agencies, sectors, government levels and countries through data, information systems, legal arrangements, organizational processes and shared values and customs.

Key functional areas includes;

Standards and Protocols
Data Standards

Standards and Protocols
Communication Protocols

Application Programming
Interfaces (APIs)

Data Formats

Semantic Interoperability

Security and Privacy

Data Mapping and
Transformation

Interoperability Technology
Platform

Governance and Policy

Training & Certification

Institutions and Operations

Legislations and Regulations

DEFINITIONS

Standards and Protocols

Data Standards: Common data formats and structures that allow different systems to understand and exchange information. Examples include XML, JSON, and HL7 in healthcare.

Communication Protocols: Defined rules for data exchange between systems, ensuring consistency and reliability. Examples include HTTP/HTTPS, SOAP, and REST.

APIs (Application Programming Interfaces):

APIs enable different software applications and systems to communicate and interact with each other. Well-designed APIs define how software components should interact, allowing for seamless integration.

Data Formats:

Commonly agreed-upon data formats facilitate the exchange of information. For example, using standard date formats, units of measurement, and character encodings ensures that data is interpreted correctly across systems.

DEFINITIONS

Semantic Interoperability:

This involves using standardized vocabularies, ontologies, and metadata to accurately interpret and use the exchanged information.

Security and Privacy:

Implementing security measures to protect data during transit and at rest is critical for interoperability. Privacy considerations, such as compliance with regulations like GDPR, also play a crucial role.

Data Mapping and Transformation:

Systems may use different data models or structures. Data mapping and transformation tools help convert data from one format to another, ensuring compatibility between systems.

Interoperability Technology Platform:

Middleware software and systems acting as an intermediary layer between different systems, facilitating communication and data exchange. It can include message brokers, enterprise service buses (ESBs), and integration platforms.

DEFINITIONS

Governance and Policy:

Establishing governance frameworks and policies helps define how systems should interact. This includes guidelines on data sharing, security practices, and compliance requirements.

Testing and Certification:

Rigorous testing of interoperability between systems is essential. Certification processes ensure that systems adhere to specified standards and can reliably work together.

User Training and Support:

End-users need to understand how to use interoperable systems effectively. Training and support mechanisms play a crucial role in ensuring that users can navigate and leverage integrated systems seamlessly.

ISSUES AND APPROACHES

Challenges faced by government

- ▶ No government leadership and management.
- ▶ Data not shared.
- ▶ Data breached.
- ▶ Duplication.
- ▶ High Total Cost of ownership.
- ▶ Inaccurate data.

Approaches

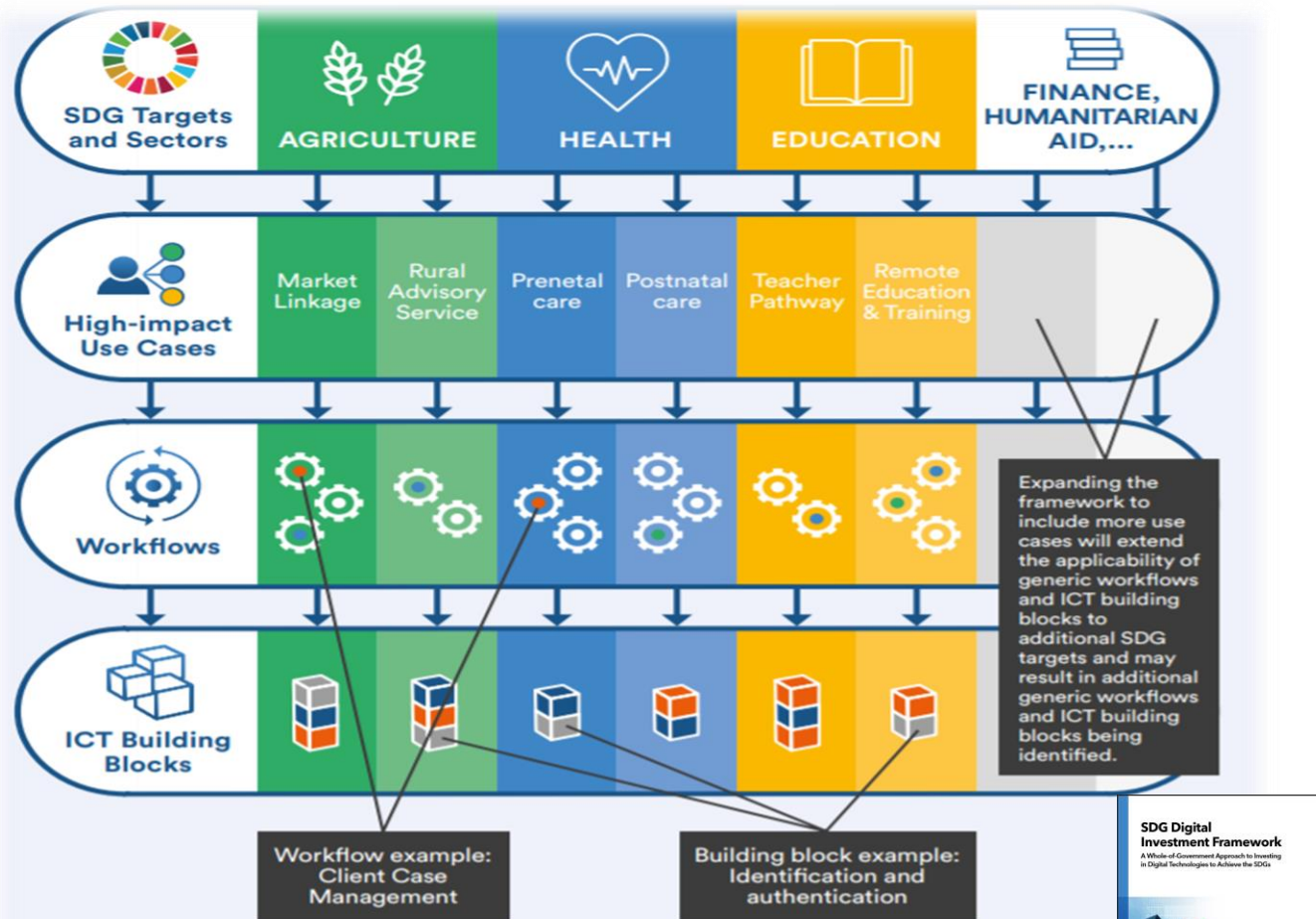
- ▶ Policy, legal, standard, operational framework inclusive approach.
- ▶ Government leadership
- ▶ Whole of Government, integrated approach.
- ▶ Data sharing by design
- ▶ Data security by design

Policy, Standards,
Legislation

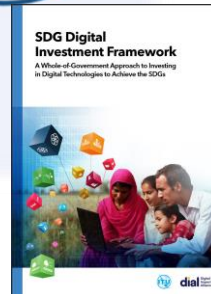
Governance, Management,
Operations

Technology Implementation

INTERNATIONAL BEST PRACTICES AND SDGs

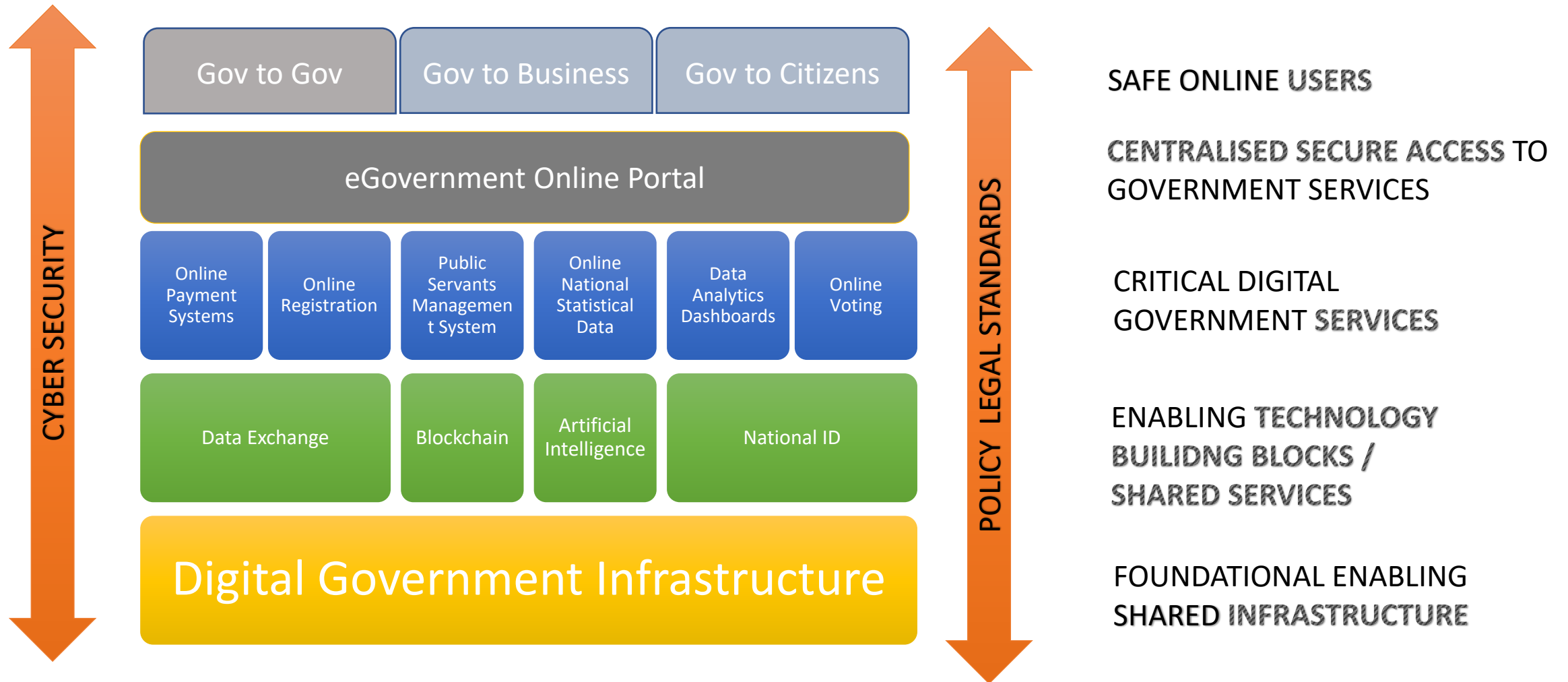


Ref: ITU DIAL SDG Digital Investment Framework 2019



- ▶ Whole of Government, integrated approach.
- ▶ Reusable building block, scalable across all sectors, value for money.
- ▶ Open standard roadmap, avoid vendor locking
- ▶ Lower Total Cost of Ownership, Sustainability.
- ▶ Long term capacity building through partners

PNG WoG FUNCTIONAL CONTEXT



PNG TECHNOLOGY CONTEXT

CENTRALISED SECURE ACCESS TO GOVERNMENT SERVICES

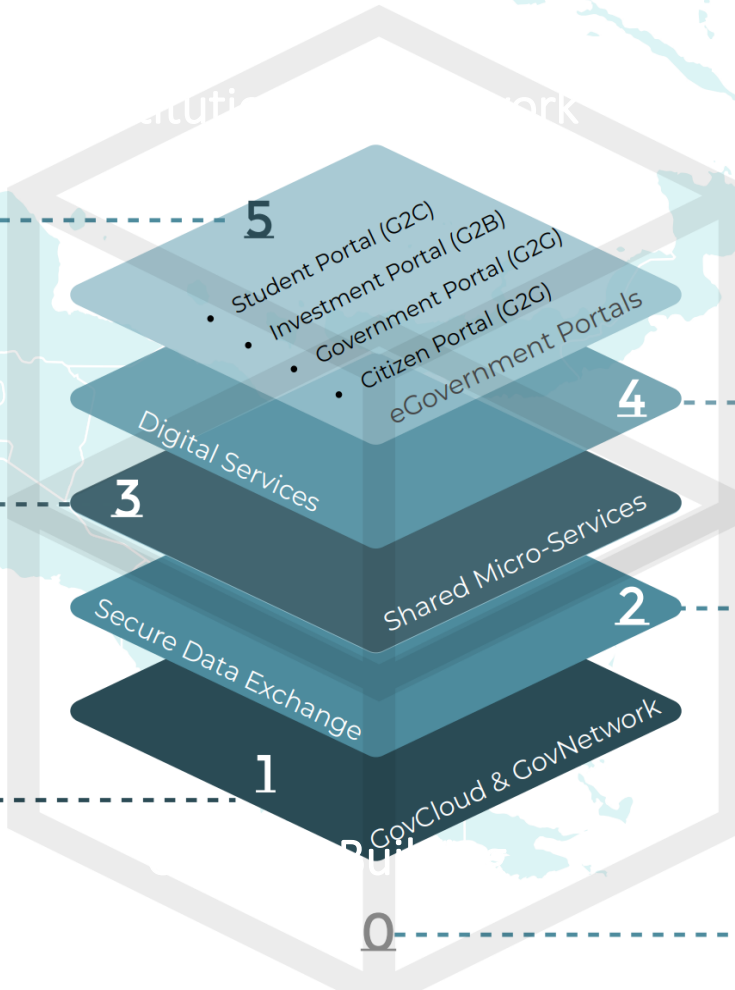
EGOVERNMENT PORTALS

CRITICAL DIGITAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES

SHARED MICRO SERVICES

HOSTING AND COMMS INFRASTRUCTURE

FOUNDATIONAL ENABLING INFRASTRUCTURE



CRITICAL DIGITAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES

DIGITAL SERVICES

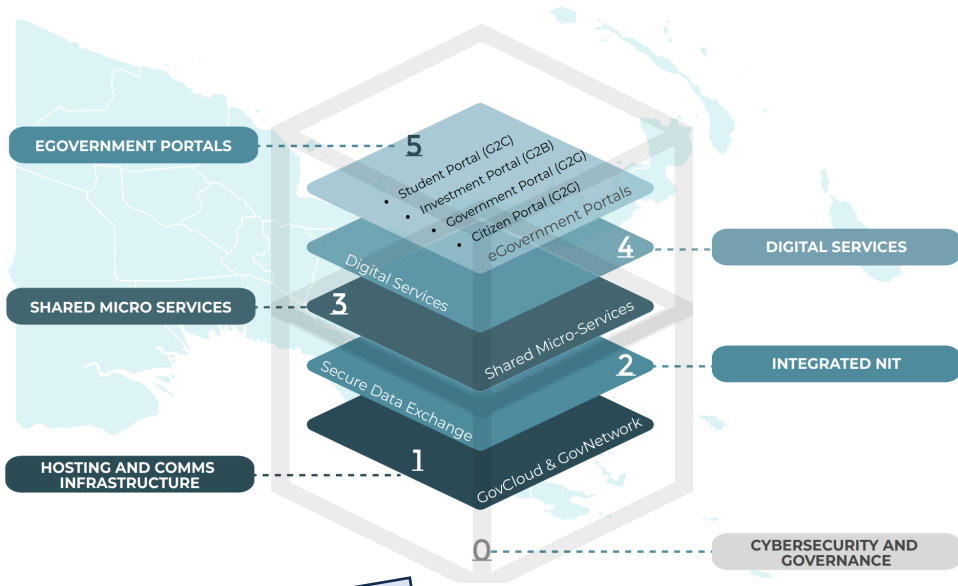
ENABLING TECHNOLOGY BUILDING BLOCK

INTEGRATED NIT

SAFE ONLINE USERS

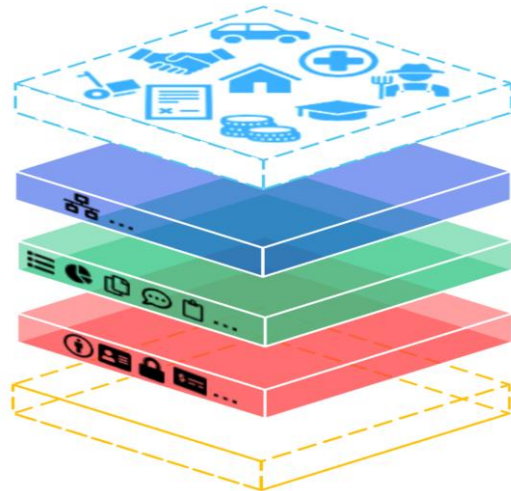
CYBERSECURITY AND GOVERNANCE

GOVPNG TECH STACK - ITU GOVSTACK ALIGNMENT



GOVPNG Technology Stack 2023

ITU GovStack Specification



▶ Whole of Government, integrated approach.

▶ Reusable building block, scalable across all sectors, value for money.

▶ Open standard roadmap, avoid vendor lock-in

▶ Lower Total Cost of Ownership to government.

▶ Long term capacity building through partnership

POLICY, LEGAL FRAMEWORK, STANDARDS

INTEROPERABILITY & DATA SHARING PROVISIONS

▶ **Digital Government Act 2022**, effective 08 August 2023

Centralized Electronic Data Repository (**Sec 28**)

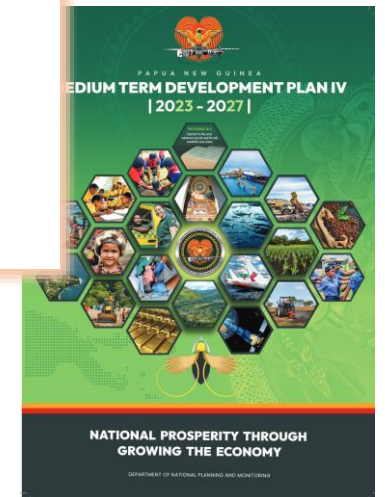
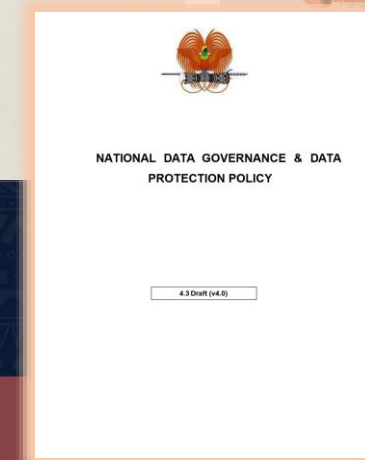
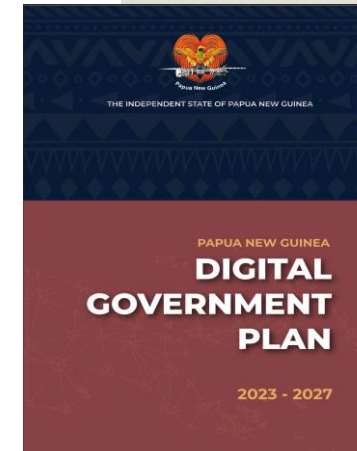
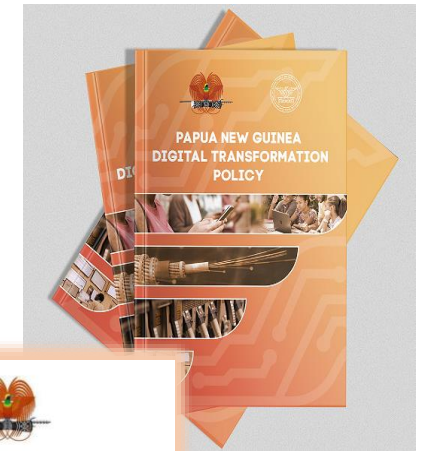
Access to Central Electronic Data Repository (**Sec 29**)

Secured Data Exchange Platform (**Sec 31**)

Electronic Data (**Sec 44 – Sec 53**)

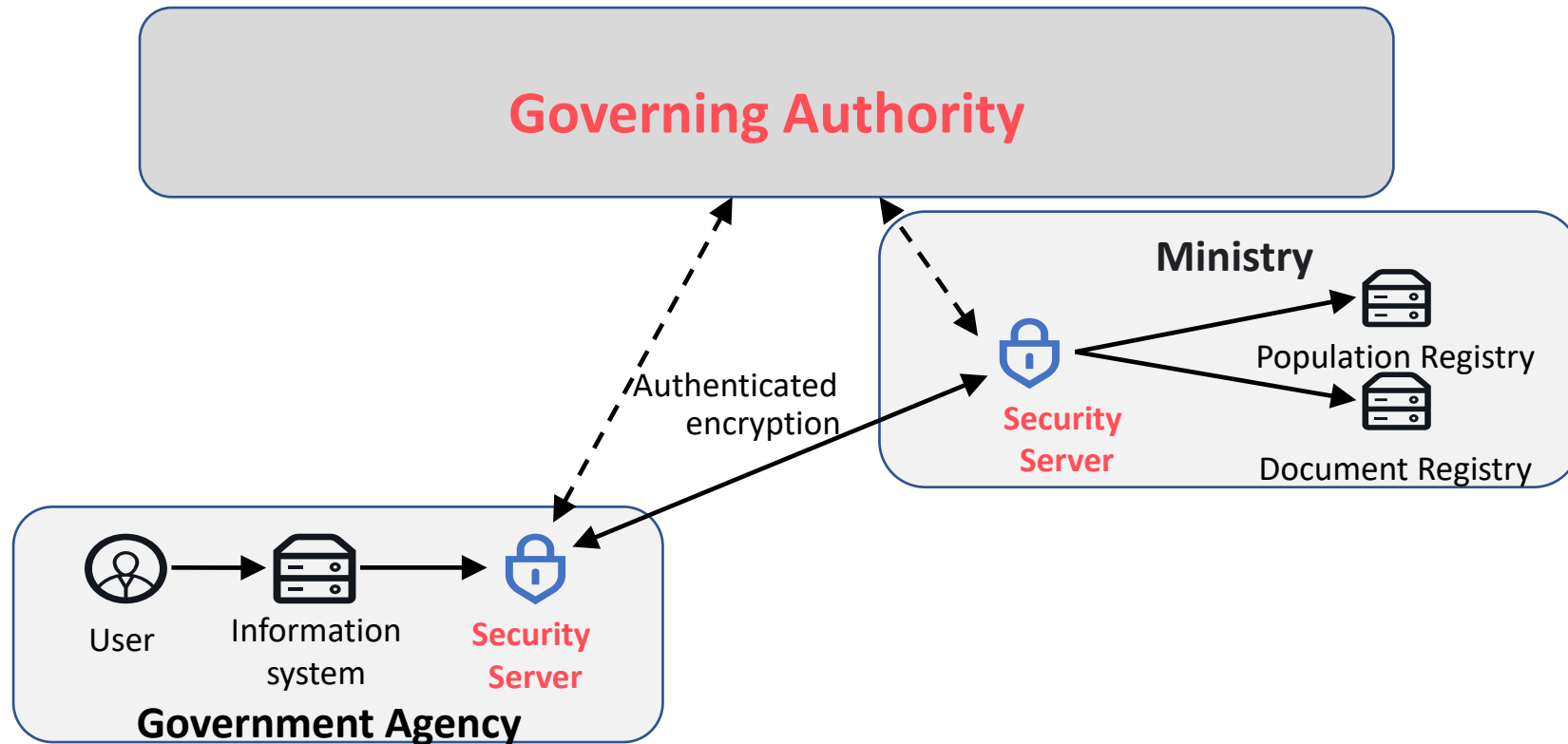
▶ **Policy, Standards and Legislation**

▶ **Governance, Management, Operations**

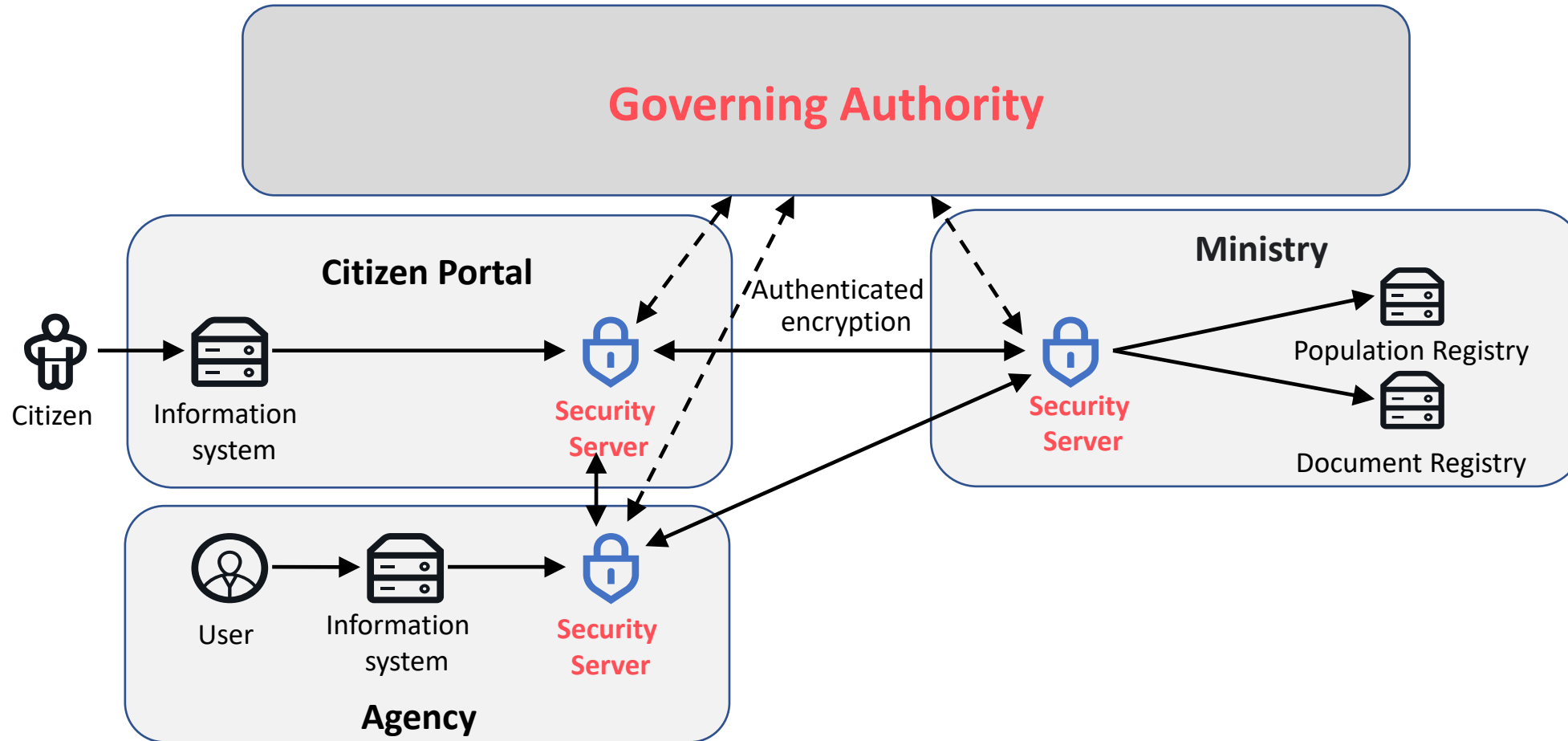


DATA EXCHANGE TECHNOLOGY

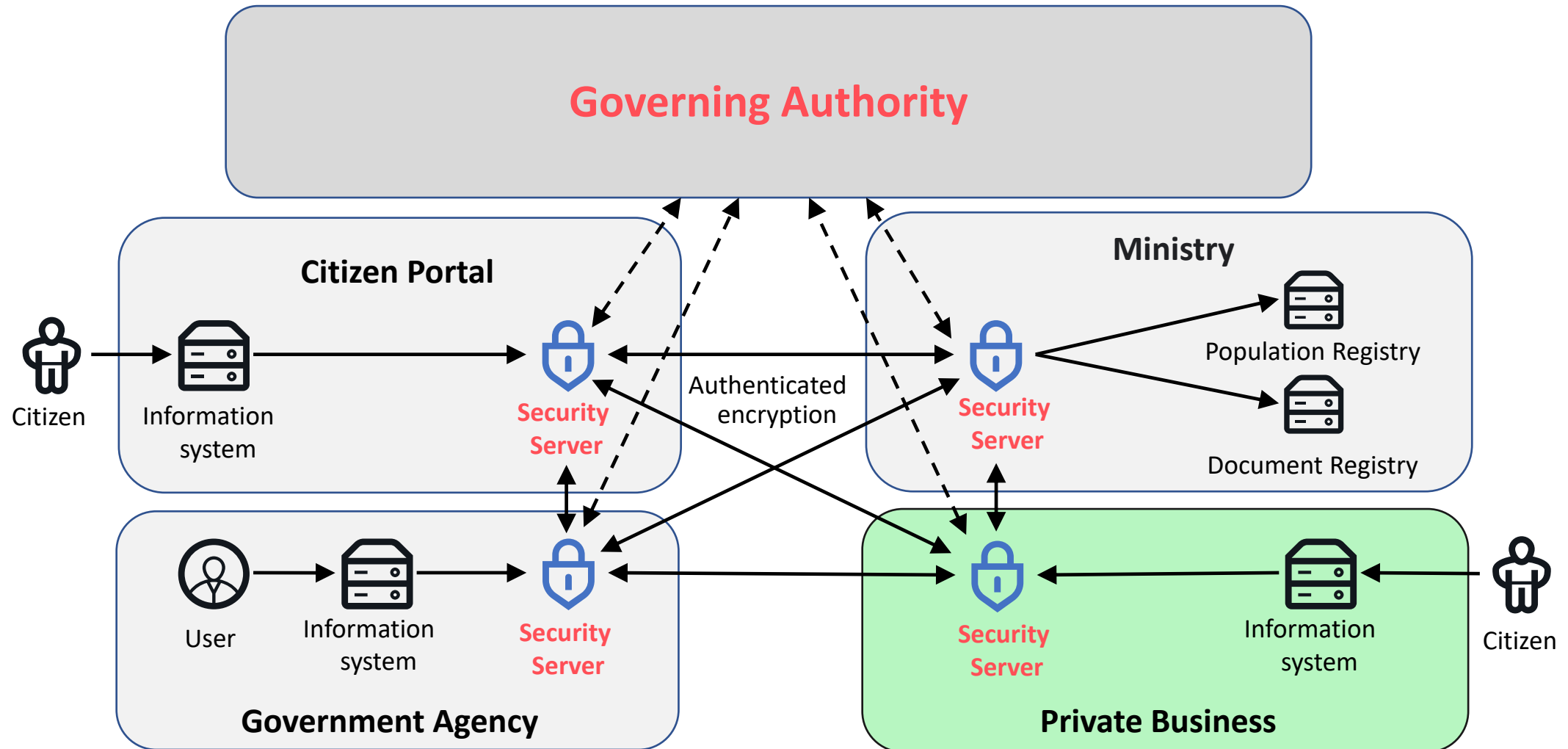
Peer-to-peer data exchange over encrypted and mutually authenticated channels. Allows service providers to retain control over their systems and data, while making them a member of an infinitely scalable and decentralised data exchange network



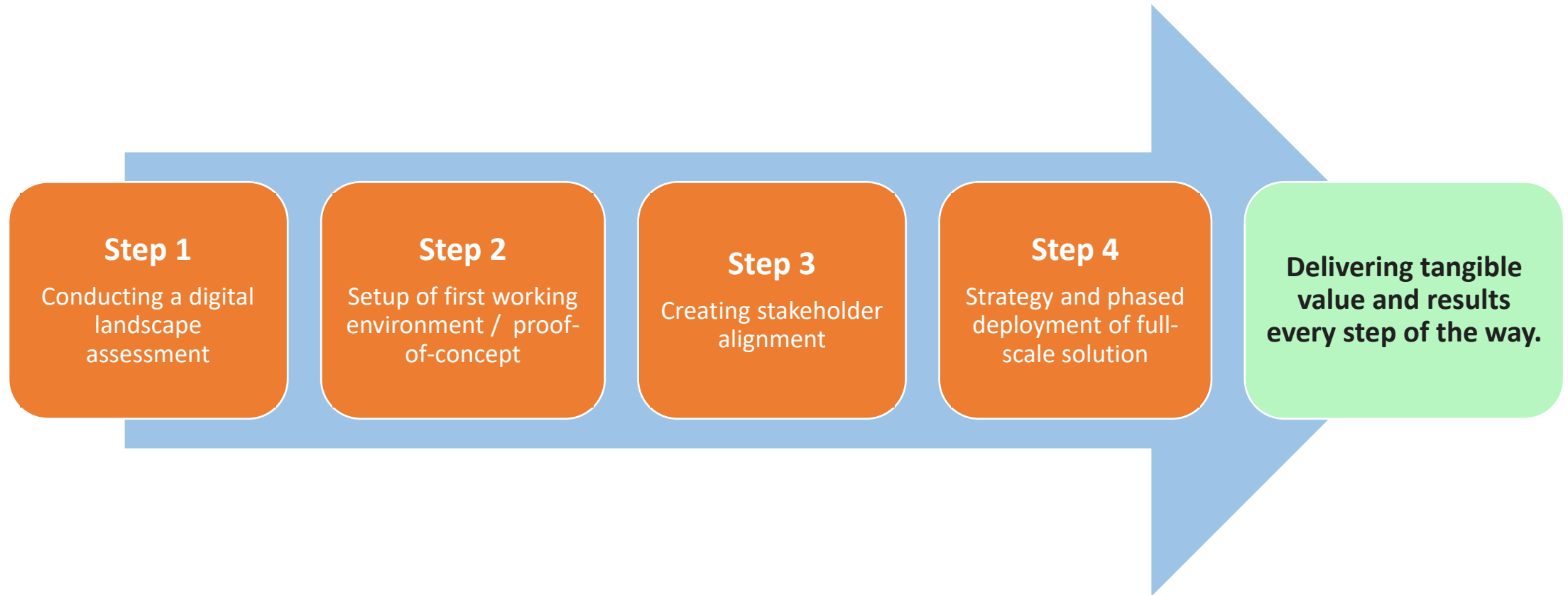
DATA EXCHANGE TECHNOLOGY



DATA EXCHANGE TECHNOLOGY



Phased approach and context-driven approach



Project Update Nov 23

- ▶ 2023 Q2: Phase 1 (0 - 6 months) - desktop studies, research, requirements identification, solutions, conceptual designs, planning, scoping definitions, policy formulation [completed]
- ▶ 2023 Q3-Q4: (7 - 12 months) – awareness, needs alignment, policy workshop & stake holder consultation, project identification, needs analysis and alignment, WoG approach alignment, sequencing, GOVPNG Tech alignment [progressing]
- ▶ policy finalized/endorsement, MTDP IV aligned, pilot scoping and use case alignment, procurement and delivery planning, resourcing [progressing]

Project Update Nov 23

- ▶ 2023 Q4 - 2024 Q1-Q2: Phase 1 (12-18 months) - RFI, RFP Phase 1 - pilot implementation and scoping phase 2+ (phase 1), [progressing]
- ▶ Data Governance and Data Protection Policy endorse [progressing]
- ▶ Interagency Technical Working Group formation, consultations, alignment, data sharing agreement, business process mapping '**as it to be**' [progressing]
- ▶ Institutional Knowledge and Capacity building [started, progressing]
- ▶ Data Governance and Data Protection legislation drafting [policy, started]
- ▶ **Data Governance and Protection Authority** establish [policy direction]

EXPECTATION for this workshop

- ▶ TWG and Stack Holder Mapping and identification (roles, responsibilities etc).
- ▶ Draft Terms of Reference for TWGs
- ▶ Alignment, data sharing agreement, business process mapping '**as it to be**'.
- ▶ Stock take of current projects, and priorities, WoG solutions mapping.
- ▶ List of use cases per agencies. Prioritise top 2 for pilot.
- ▶ Point of contact/members

CHALLENGES, RISK, MITIGATION

- ▶ Agile approach. Implementation is broken up into phases to work with resourcing limits, stakeholders capabilities, ensuring engagement and capacity building.
- ▶ National procurement compliance, procurement impediment, open transparent processes.
- ▶ Prioritization and alignment of projects to fit immediate requirements of priority service delivery, through focus on solving **actual use cases**.
- ▶ Restructure to annual budget and resourcing limits, by deliver through agile robust methodology, active M&E and project governance .

COORDINATION TWG formation

TWG 1: Infrastructure

E-Government Cloud
(Shared Services)



TWG 2: Capability

Data Governance and Data
Protection



TWG 3: Services

e-Government Portal





THANKYOU